

Third Quarter Financial Results Fiscal Year 2022 (Ending March 2023)

January 31, 2023 Seiko Epson Corporation



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■ Disclaimer regarding forward-looking statements

The foregoing statements regarding future results reflect the Company's expectations based on information available at the time of announcement. The information contains certain forward-looking statements that are subject to known and unknown risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied by such statements. Such risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to, the competitive environment, market trends, general economic conditions, technological changes, exchange rate fluctuations and our ability to continue to timely introduce new products and services.

Note regarding business profit

Business profit is calculated by deducting cost of sales and SGA expenses from revenue. Although not defined in the statement of consolidated comprehensive income, this indicator is very similar to the concept of operating income under J-GAAP. Epson will present this information as a reference, as the Company believes users of financial statements will find it useful when evaluating Epson's financial performance.

Numerical values presented herein

Numbers are rounded down to the unit indicated. Percentages are rounded off to one decimal place. Years mentioned in these materials are fiscal years unless otherwise indicated.

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- Summary
- Third-Quarter Financial Results
- FY2022 Full-Year Financial Outlook
 & Shareholder Returns
- Topics



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Summary



Q3 Results (YoY)

 \pm 361.2B in revenue (\pm 465.1B), \pm 31.2B in business profit (\pm 4.0B), \pm 11.0B in profit for the period (\pm 413.9B)

- Supply constraints eased, and unit sales increased. Higher selling prices helped offset soaring materials and logistics costs.
- While revenue and business profit benefitted from exchange rate volatility, profit for the period was hurt by foreign exchange losses caused by a weakening of the dollar.
- Revenue fell short of the internal plan, which served as the basis for the previous outlook (Oct. 28), but business profit slightly exceeded it.
- FY2022 full-year financial outlook (vs. 10/28 outlook)

 \pm 1,330.0B in revenue (- \pm 60.0B), \pm 95.0B in business profit (- \pm 5.0B), \pm 67.0B in profit for the period (- \pm 15.0B)

- The latest outlook reflects the presumption of a further deceleration of the global economy due to factors such as a cooling of consumer spending in the wake of ongoing inflation and the effects of Covid in China.
- Profit for the period reflects second-half foreign exchange losses, etc.

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- > This is a summary of the key points in today's presentation.
- Our third-quarter results were negatively impacted by high materials and logistics costs but benefitted from an easing of semiconductor supply constraints compared to the same period last year.
 - Despite the challenges, we recorded both revenue and profit growth due in part to higher selling prices and exchange rate volatility.
- The full-year outlook for revenue, business profit, and subsequent levels of profit was lowered on the presumption of a further deceleration of the global economy due to factors such as a cooling of consumer spending in the wake of ongoing inflation and the effects of Covid in China.
- > Details are provided on the slides that follow.



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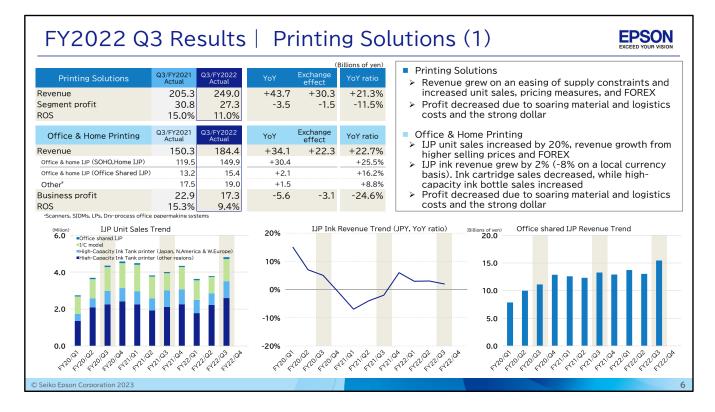
Topics



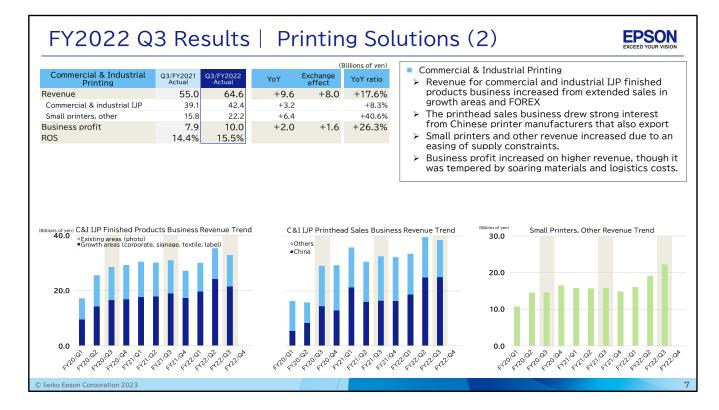
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		FY202	1	FY202	22	Chan		ae	
		11202	. I	11202			Change		
(Billior	ns of yen)	Q3 Actual	%	Q3 Actual	%	YoY	<u> </u>	%	
Revenue		296.1		361.2		+	65.1	+22.0%	
Business p	profit	27.2	9.2%	31.2	8.6%	-	⊦4.0	+14.7%	
Profit from operating act	ivities	30.3	10.2%	23.3	6.5%		-6.9	-22.9%	
Profit befo	ore tax	31.1	10.5%	16.5	4.6%		14.6	-46.9%	
Profit for the period to owners of the pa		25.0	8.4%	11.0	3.1%		13.9	-55.8%	
EPS ^{*1} (yen)		72.30		32.76					
USD		¥113.71		¥141.55					
Exchange rate (yen, index) Other currencies*2		¥130.08		¥144.23					
		100		116					
*1 Basic earnings per share for the period *2 Index showing weighted average variance of rates				change effect llions of yen)	USD	EUR	Other currencies	Total	
for currencies ot benchmark of 10	her than USD and O for the previous	EUR against a period. Rates		Revenue	+23.5	+5.7	+14.3	+43.7	
	ording to Epson's for each currenc		Bu	siness profit	-9.3	+3.5	+6.8	+1.0	

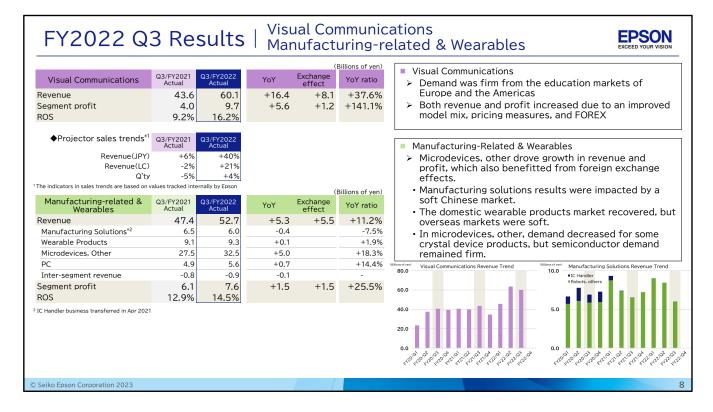
- > First, I will explain our third-quarter results.
- Revenue was ¥361.2 billion, up ¥65.1 billion year on year. Business profit was ¥31.2 billion, up ¥4.0 billion.
- > Foreign exchange effects had a ¥43.7 billion positive impact on revenue and a ¥1.0 billion positive impact on business profit.
- Profit for the period was ¥11.0 billion, down ¥13.9 billion from the same period last year.
- This was chiefly because, whereas we recognized ¥2.1 billion in tax returns at our overseas affiliates under other operating income in the same period last year, this quarter we recorded foreign exchange losses under other operating expenses and finance costs due to the weakening of the dollar during the period.
- Revenue fell short of the internal plan, which served as the basis for the previous outlook, due to a shortfall in unit sales, but business profit slightly exceeded the plan thanks to pricing measures and cost control.



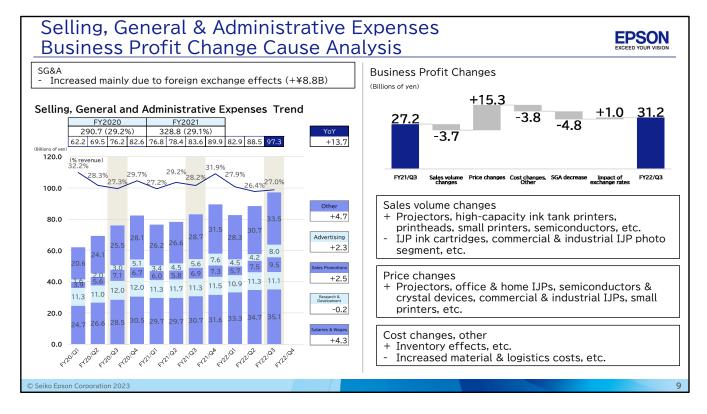
- > The financial results in printing solutions are shown here.
- > Revenue was ¥249.0 billion, up ¥43.7 billion year on year.
- Segment profit was ¥27.3billion, down ¥3.5 billion.
- In office & home printing, revenue increased but profit decreased.
- Inkjet printer unit sales increased by 20% year on year, the result of an easing of supply constraints that allowed us to extend sales of high-capacity ink tank printers as well as ink cartridge printers. Inkjet printer revenue sharply increased as a result of our pricing measures and foreign exchange effects.
- Ink revenue increased by 2%. Although ink cartridge sales declined as at-home print demand returned to normal, increased sales of high-capacity ink bottles and foreign exchange effects pushed total ink revenue higher.
- Office shared inkjet printer revenue increased due to the easing of supply constraints.
- Business profit in office and home printing declined due to the strong dollar and soaring materials and logistics costs.
- Revenue fell short of the internal plan due to a shortfall in inkjet printer unit sales, but business profit was in line with the plan thanks to pricing measures and cost control.



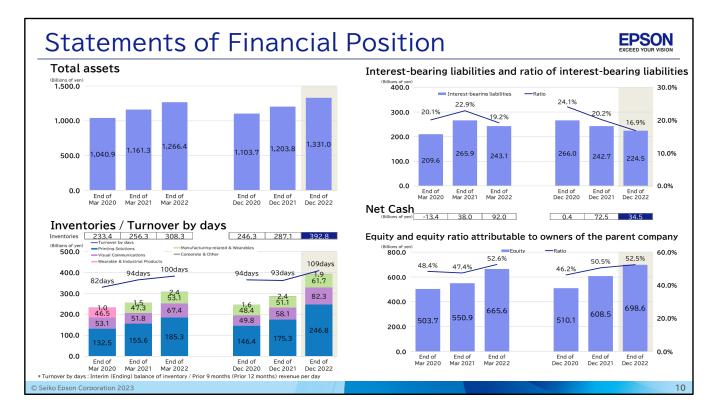
- > Commercial and industrial printing revenue and profit increased.
- ➢ Revenue in the commercial & industrial inkjet printer finished products business increased, mainly in growth areas, though the increase was tempered by a cooling of markets due to the effects of Covid in China and the postponement of investment by customers in Europe and the Americas. Foreign exchange effects played a part in the increase.
- Printhead sales business revenue grew, with strong interest from Chinese printer manufacturers that also export.
- Small printers & other revenue increased in Europe and the Americas due to strong demand from the retail and food service industries and the easing of supply constraints.
- Business profit increased on higher revenue, though it was tempered by soaring materials and logistics costs.
- > Both revenue and business profit were impacted by economic deceleration and fell short of the internal plan.



- ➤ In visual communications, projector demand in the education markets of Europe and the Americas was firm, but unit sales growth was limited by some remaining supply constraints. Revenue was ¥60.1 billion, up ¥16.4 billion, owing to improvements in the model mix, pricing measures, and foreign exchange effects.
- Segment profit grew by ¥5.6 billion, to ¥9.7 billion.
- Revenue fell short of the internal plan, but business profit exceeded it owing primarily to pricing measures.
- Revenue in manufacturing-related & wearables, buoyed by foreign exchange effects, reached ¥52.7 billion, an increase of ¥5.3 billion.
- Manufacturing solutions revenue shrank mainly due to softness in the Chinese market especially for use in consumer electronics.
- Wearable products revenue was flat year on year. Soft overseas markets negated consumer spending and demand from visitors to Japan, which were on an upward trajectory.
- Microdevices and other revenue increased because even though demand contracted for some crystal devices, semiconductor demand remained firm and average unit prices rose.
- Segment profit, driven by microdevices and helped by foreign exchange effects, rose by ¥1.5 billion, to ¥7.6 billion.
- > Revenue fell short of the internal plan, but business profit exceeded it due to cost containment.



- The graph on the left shows the trend in selling, general and administrative expenses.
- The increase in SG&A expenses is primarily due to foreign exchange effects.
 - Advertising and sales promotion expenses increased in conjunction with an easing of supply constraints.
- The SG&A expense ratio was 27%, which indicates that we continue to spend efficiently.
- The graph on the right shows the change factors that affected business profit.
- Higher volumes of products such as projectors and high-capacity ink tank printers positively impacted business profit, while ink cartridges and other products had a negative impact.
- Price changes were also positive, owing to pricing measures.
- Cost changes and other factors negatively impacted profit mainly due to increased materials and logistics costs.



- The major items on the statements of financial position are shown here.
- We had ¥392.8 billion in inventories because, in addition to foreign exchange effects, Epson sales company inventories, workin-process, and goods in transit increased compared to the same period last year. Turnover by days was 109 days.
- As things stand, we are taking steps to optimize inventories by the end of the fiscal year by, among other things, adjusting our production plans in line with demand forecasts.



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FY2022 Fina	ancial	Ou ⁻	tlook					EPSON EXCEED YOUR VISION
	FY202	1		FY2			Cha	
(Billions of yen)	Actual	%	10/28 Outlook	%	1/31 Outlook	%	YoY	Vs. 10/28 outlook
Revenue	1,128.9		1,390.0		1,330.0		+201.0 +17.8%	-60.0 -4.3%
Business profit	89.6	7.9%	100.0	7.2%	95.0	7.1%	+5.3 +6.0%	-5.0 -5.0%
Profit from operating activities	94.4	8.4%	108.0	7.8%	94.0	7.1%	-0.4 -0.5%	-14.0 -13.0%
Profit before tax	97.1	8.6%	117.0	8.4%	96.0	7.2%	-1.1 -1.2%	-21.0 -17.9%
Profit for the year attributable to owners of the parent company	92.2	8.2%	82.0	5.9%	67.0	5.0%	-25.2 -27.4%	-15.0 -18.3%
EPS*1 (yen)	266.73		240.11		200.89			
Exchange USD rate EUR	¥112.37 ¥130.55		¥137.00 ¥138.00		¥134.00 ¥140.00			
(yen, index) Other currencies*2	100		114		113			
 *1 Basic earnings per share for the year *2 Index showing weighted average variance of ra for currencies other than USD and EUR against benchmark of 100 for the previous fiscal year 			USD 127.00		hange tivity *3	JSD EUR	Other currencies	Total exchange effect outlook
Rates are weighted according to Epson's net volume of revenue and cost for each currency. *3 Annual impact of a 1-yen increase in the value	from Q4	onward	EUR 138.00	n Rev	venue -	3.2 -1.4	-3.5	+135.0
the yen versus the USD & EUR (in billions of ye Annual impact of a 1% increase in the value of yen versus other currencies (in billions of yen)	n)				ess profit 4	-0.7 -0.9	-1.7	+9.0
© Seiko Epson Corporation 2023					100			12

- > Next, I will explain our full-year financial outlook.
- > We forecast revenue and business profit growth compared to the previous fiscal year.
- ➤ In comparison to our previous forecast, we have lowered the revenue outlook by ¥60.0 billion. It now stands at ¥1,330.0 billion. We also lowered the business profit outlook by ¥5.0 billion, to ¥95.0 billion.
 - We downwardly revised the outlook for profit for the period to \$467.0 billion, a \$15.0 billion decease, a reflection of second-half foreign exchange losses and other factors.
- Given the recent situation, we revised our fourth-quarter foreign exchange rate assumptions to 127 yen to the US dollar and 138 yen to the euro.
- Exchange rate volatility from the previous fiscal year is expected to have an approximately ¥135.0 billion positive effect on revenue and a ¥9.0 billion positive effect on business profit.
- We revised our previous foreign exchange assumptions to reflect a weaker dollar. This change will have an approximately ¥10.0 billion negative impact on revenue, but an approximately ¥2.0 billion positive impact on business profit.

Changes in the business environment (3Q to 4Q)



	1-2Q Result	3Q Result	4Q Outlook	Changes in the business environment
Demand	×	×		 Heightened risk of a global economic slowdown due to inflation and a cooling of consumer spending, the effects of Covid in China, etc. For IJP, some channels, mainly in North America, are seen to cut inventory levels
Supply constraints		Ž.	*	 ✓ Semiconductor shortages will continue to ease ✓ Logistics disruptions will head toward resolution
Costs		•	•	 ✓ Pace of increases in materials costs will slow ✓ Continue to contain logistics costs by increasing loading efficiency, etc. ✓ Continue to control costs to ensure profit

- Changes in the business environment in the fourth quarter which are factored in the outlook are shown here.
- ➤ For demand, we have factored in the heightened risk of a global economic slowdown due to factors such as inflation, which will cause consumer spending to cool, and the effects of Covid in China.

Third-quarter inkjet printer sell-through in North America was firm, but we factored into the outlook the move by channels to keep inventories in check.

- Supply constraints caused by semiconductor shortages and logistics disruptions have been easing as forecasted from the third quarter.
- ➤ For costs, the pace of increases in materials costs is slowing, and we are containing logistics costs by increasing loading efficiency and other measures.

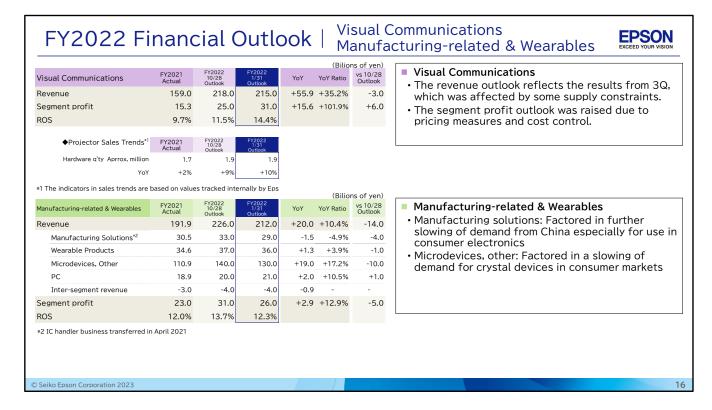
We will continue to control costs to ensure profit.

Changes in Business Profit **EPSON** Changes since the previous outlook Factored in the prospect of decreased demand due to the heightened risk of an economic slowdown and curtailed IJP inventories at channels in North America, etc. We expect to control erosion of selling prices based on the current situation. We will continue to keep down materials and logistics costs, focus spending on priorities, and contain fixed costs. Previous (Oct 28) Outlook (Billions of yen) +31.0 -27.0-34.0+31.0 100.0 +9.0 89.6 Demand Pricing Cost containment changes Current (Jan 31) Outlook +40.0 -21.0 89.6 -29.0 +9.0 +6.095.0 Parts cost, Transport cost FY21 Actual Unit sales Price, Model mix change Other cost Impact of exchange rates FY22 Outlook

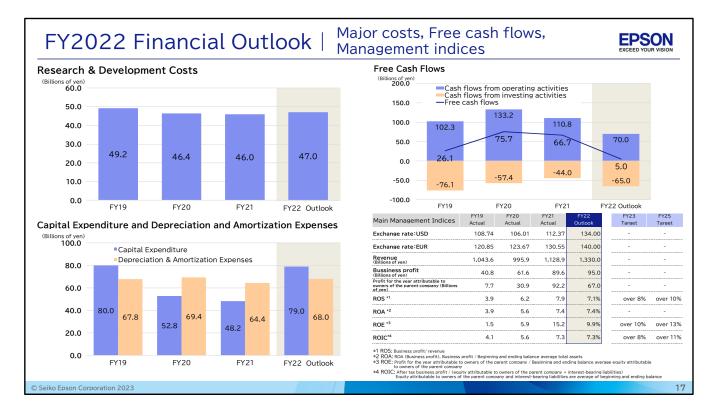
- Let's look at the factors that caused us to change the business profit outlook.
- Given things such as the heightened risk of an economic slowdown, we lowered the unit sales outlook for high-capacity ink tank printers, crystal devices, and robots. The outlook also reflects an anticipated return to normal of at-home print demand and thus a decrease in ink cartridge sales.
- On the other hand, price and model mix changes should have a more positive impact on business profit than anticipated, because, even now, inkjet printer prices are higher than anticipated and we expect to control price erosion in the fourth quarter.
- ➤ Parts and logistics costs will weigh less on profit because they will decrease along with a decline in volume, in addition to measures to drive logistics efficiencies.
- Other costs will be kept down by continuing to spend on priorities and by containing fixed costs.

FY2022 Financial Outlook | Printing Solutions **EPSON** Office & Home Printing YoY Ratio In office & home IJPs, we factored in an economic Printing Solutions vs 10/28 slowdown and channels cutting inventories in North 950.0 +127.0 +16.3% -43.0 Revenue 779.9 907.0 America, etc. Unit sales outlook was revised downward. Segment profit 106.4 103.0 95.0 -11.4 -10.8% -8.0 but we will continue to take pricing measures. · The ink outlook reflects decreased demand for ink ROS 13.7% 10.8% 10.5% cartridges used for at-home printing. FY2021 Office & Home Printing Commercial & Industrial Printing +90.6 +16.0% -32.0 Revenue 566.3 689.0 657.0 Factored in business environment changes in the 2nd-Office & home IJP (SOHO,Home IJP) +75.6 +17.0% 445.3 541.0 521.0 -20.0 half, such as market cooling due to Covid in China and 51.1 +25.1% Office & home IJP (Office Shared IJP) 67.0 64.0 +12.8 -3.0 postponement of investment by customers in Europe and 81.0 72.0 +2.1 +3.0% the Americas. 69.8 -9.0 73.0 67.0 61.0 -12.0 -16.5% Business profit -6.0 ROS 12.9% 9.3% ◆ Office & Home IJP sales trends*2 Actual YoY Ratio Outlook Commercial & Industrial Printing +8% +8% +5% +36.3 +17.0% 213.6 261.0 250.0 Hardware q'ty Approx., million 16.7 18.0 17.5 Commercial & industrial IJP 151.5 180.0 168.0 +16.4 +10.8% -12.0 High-capacity ink tank Small printers, other 62.0 81.0 82.0 +19.9 +32.1% +1.0 11.6 12.8 13.3 printers 33.3 36.0 34.0 +0.6 +1.8% Business profit -2.0 SOHO/ Home I/C model 4.8 4.4 4.4 15.6% 13.8% 13.6% 0.3 Office Shared IJP 0.3 0.3 -2% +8% +2% Ink revenue -6% Local currency *2 The indicators in sales trends are ba mally by Ec

- > Next, let's look at the outlook segment by segment.
- ➤ In printing solutions, we lowered the revenue outlook to ¥907.0 billion, a decrease of ¥43.0 billion, and lowered the segment profit outlook to ¥95.0 billion, a decrease of ¥8.0 billion.
- The office and home printing revenue and business profit outlooks were revised downward.
- The outlook for unit sales of inkjet printers was changed to 17.5 million units, a 5 % increase from the previous fiscal year. We expect high-capacity ink tank printer unit sales to reach 12.8 million units, which represents 10% year-on-year growth.
- Selling prices are expected to fall from the third quarter through the fourth, but we factored in a smaller drop than previously forecast.
- Ink revenue outlook was also revised. The ink cartridge outlook reflects the fact that ink cartridge at-home print demand, which rose during the pandemic, has returned to normal sooner than anticipated.
- On the other hand, demand for printing outside the office has become entrenched to a certain extent, so Epson will shift sales toward high-capacity ink tank printers, which offer the advantage of low-cost printing.
- In the fourth quarter, we will be launching new medium-speed office shared printers. This is the volume zone for multifunction units, and we aim to accelerate the expansion of sales by capturing demand as more people return to the office.
- We lowered both the revenue and business profit outlook in commercial and industrial printing based on changes in the business environment in the second-half.



- ➤ In visual communications, we lowered the revenue outlook by ¥3.0 billion to ¥215.0 billion based on our third-quarter results, which were hurt by supply constraints. However, we raised the segment profit outlook by ¥6.0 billion to ¥31.0 billion after factoring in the effects of higher pricing and cost containment.
- ➤ In manufacturing related & wearables, we lowered the revenue outlook by ¥14.0 billion to ¥212.0 billion. We also lowered the segment profit outlook by ¥5.0 billion. It now stands at ¥26.0 billion.
- In manufacturing solutions, we factored in a further decrease in sales to China.
- In the microdevices & other category, we factored in a slowing of demand for crystal devices in consumer markets.



- After scrutinizing research and development costs, we lowered the outlook by ¥3.0 billion to ¥47.0 billion.
- The capital expenditure and depreciation and amortization outlooks remains unchanged. We will continue to invest in automation and the environment for future growth.
- ➤ The outlook for free cash flows was lowered by ¥10.0 billion after factoring in the downward revision of cash flows from operating activities and increased inventories. It now stands at ¥5.0 billion.
- > Environmental changes will create challenges, but we will make the creation of free cash flows a priority.
- The forecasts for the key performance indicators are as shown here. We are forecasting an ROE of 9.9 %.

Shareholder Returns



- Basic policy
 - Build a robust financial structure while proactively providing returns to shareholders
 - ✓ Achieve a consolidated dividend payout ratio* of around 40% over the mid-term
 - ✓ Repurchase shares if necessary, depending on the share price, the capital situation, and other factors

 * Calculated based on profit after an amount quilivalent to.

* Calculated based on profit after an amount equivalent to the statutory effective tax rate is deducted from business profit, which shows profit from operations

- Share repurchase
 - Acquisition period: May 20, 2022, to May 19, 2023
 - Total acquisition cost: 30.0B yen (max.)
 - ✓ The maximum amount for repurchases was reached on Jan. 16, 2023, ending acquisitions.
 - ✓ All treasury shares acquired in the period planned to be cancelled
- Dividends and forecast
 - Annual dividend to be increased to 72 yen with the addition of a 10-yen payout to commemorate the company's 80th anniversary

(yen) 100 —	■ Interim	■Year-end	Anniversary (Year-end)	/ Dividend
100	62	62	62	72 10
	31	31	31	31
0 -	31	31	31	31 (Actual)
U	FY2019 Actual	FY2020 Actual	FY2021 Actual	FY2022 Outlook

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- > Next, I will explain shareholder returns.
- ➤ In May of last year, we announced that we would repurchase up to ¥30.0 billion in treasury shares. We reached the limit this January.
- > All treasury shares acquired in the period are planned to be cancelled.



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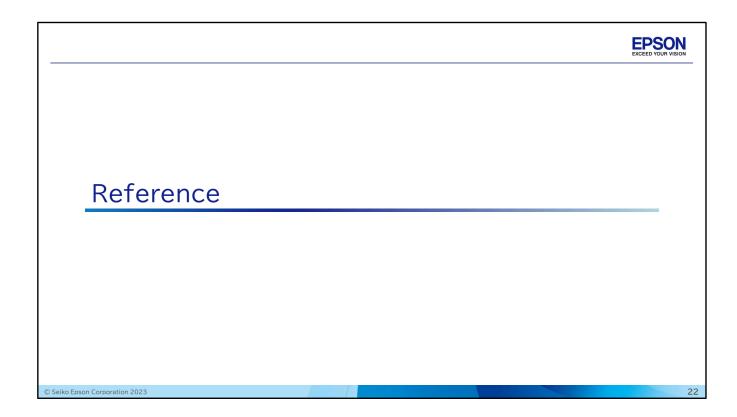


Finally, I would like to present some of the actions we are taking to solve societal issues through our business activities.

upcycled used clothing

- We will be launching medium-speed multifunction printers from the fourth quarter. This is the volume zone for units of this type. Environmental impact can be mitigated by replacing laser printers with our inkiets.
- > We are also developing broader applications for Epson's proprietary Dry Fiber Technology. Not only can it be used to recycle paper, but it can also be used to upcycle things such as cotton scraps and used clothing.
- > We will continue to move forward on initiatives that help bring about social sustainability.





Financial Highlights (First 9 Months) **EPSON** FY2021 FY2022 Change 9 months Actual 9 months Actual % (Billions of yen) % YoY 994.4 +147.6 +17.4% Revenue 846.7 76.9 9.1% 80.7 8.1% +3.7 +4.9% Business profit Profit from operating activities 78.4 9.3% 82.5 8.3% +4.0 +5.2% 79.0 9.3% 88.2 8.9% +9.2 +11.7% Profit before tax 61.5 7.3% 61.4 6.2% -0.0 -0.1% 179.35 EPS*1 (yen) 177.79 ¥136.49 **USD** ¥111.08 Exchange ¥140.54 **EUR** ¥130.58 rate (yen, index) Other currencies*2 100 116 Exchange effect Other currencies *1 Basic earnings per share for the period *2 Index showing weighted average variance of rates for currencies other than USD and EUR against a benchmark of 100 for the previous period. Rates are weighted according to Epson's net volume of revenue and cost for each currency **USD EUR** Total (billions of yen) Revenue +64.1 +11.3 +42.5 +118.0 Business profit -20.6 +7.0 +19.8 +6.2

				<u>(</u> E	Billions of yen)	
Printing Solutions	9M/FY2021 Actual	9M/FY2022 Actual	YoY	Exchange effect	YoY ratio	
Revenue	580.9	662.2	+81.3	+79.3	+14.0%	
Segment profit ROS	85.9 14.8%	67.0 10.1%	-18.8	-1.6	-22.0%	
Office & Home Printing	9M/FY2021 Actual	9M/FY2022 Actual	YoY	Exchange effect	YoY ratio	
Revenue	417.3	478.7	+61.4	+57.6	+14.7%	
Office & home IJP (SOHO,Home IJP)	326.3	383.7	+57.4		+17.6%	
Office & home IJP (Office Shared IJP)	38.1	42.1	+3.9		+10.5%	
Other*	52.7	52.8	+0.0		+0.1%	
Business profit ROS	56.5 13.5%	43.9 9.2%	-12.5	-5.8	-22.3%	
* Scanners , SIDMs , LPs , Dry-process office papermak	ing systems					
Commercial & Industrial Printing	9M/FY2021 Actual	9M/FY2022 Actual	YoY	Exchange effect	YoY ratio	
Revenue	163.6	183.5	+19.9	+21.8	+12.2%	
Commercial & industrial IJP	116.2	126	+9.7		+8.4%	
Small printers, other	47.3	57.4	+10.1		+21.4%	
Business profit	29.4	23.1	-6.2	+4.1	-21.4%	

9M Financial Results |

Visual Communications Manufacturing-related & Wearables



Visual Communications	9M/FY2021 Actual	9M/FY2022 Actual	YoY	Exchange effect	YoY ratio
Revenue	124.3	169.3	+44.9	+22.3	+36.1%
Segment profit	13.2	28.8	+15.5	+2.2	+117.6%
ROS	10.7%	17.0%			

				(E	Billions of yen)
Manufacturing-related & Wearables	9M/FY2021 Actual	9M/FY2022 Actual	YoY	Exchange effect	YoY ratio
Revenue	142.8	165.9	+23.1	+17.4	+16.2%
Manufacturing Solutions*	23.2	23.4	+0.2		+1.0%
Wearable Products	26.5	28.9	+2.4		+9.3%
Microdevices, Other	81.9	101.1	+19.2		+23.4%
PC	13.3	15.3	+1.9		+14.4%
Inter-segment revenue	-2.2	-3.0	-0.7		-
Segment profit ROS	17.4 12.2%	_0.0	+8.2	+6.2	+47.4%

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Main Product Sales Trends



				FY2021 Q1 Actual	FY2021 Q2 Actual	FY2021 Q3 Actual	FY2021 Q4 Actual	FY2021 Full-year Actual	FY2022 Q1 Actual	FY2022 Q2 Actual	FY2022 Q3 Actual	FY2022 Full-year Outlook
	* The indicators in sale tracked internally by	s trends are based on values Epson	USD EUR	109.46 131.91	110.08 129.77	113.71 130.08	116.21 130.45	112.37 130.55	129.64 138.11	138.30 139.28	141.55 144.23	13400 140.00
		Revenue (JPY)	YoY %	+85%	+20%	+10%	+10%	+25%	+9%	+31%	+42%	+29%
		Revenue (Local Currency)	YoY %	+74%	+14%	+3%	+4%	+18%	-4%	+12%	+23%	
		Q' ty	YoY %	+63%	+4%	-8%	-5%	+8%	-19%	-1%	+20%	+5%
Office	Office & Home IJP Hardware	Q'ty(Approx., million)	Units					16.7				17.5
	riaraware	High-capacity ink tank printers	Units					11.6				12.8
& Home Printing		SOHO/ Home I/C model	Units					4.8				4.4
orinti		Office shared IJP	Units					0.3				0.3
ng	Office & Home	Revenue within office & home IJP Ink/(HW+Ink)	Composition ratio					41%				37%
	IJP Ink	Revenue (JPY)	YoY %	-7%	-4%	-2%	+6%	-2%	+3%	+3%	+2%	+2%
		Revenue (Local Currency)	YoY %	-11%	-7%	-6%	+1%	-6%	-6%	-9%	-8%	
2		Revenue (JPY)	YoY %	+72%	+7%	+6%	-12%	+12%	+13%	+60%	+40%	+37%
Visual Communications	Projectors	Revenue (Local Currency)	YoY %	+60%	+1%	-2%	-17%	+5%	+0%	+37%	+21%	
icatio	Hardware	Q' ty	YoY %	+67%	-2%	-5%	-25%	+2%	-3%	+22%	+4%	+10%
ns .		Q'ty (Approx., million)	Units					1.7				1.9

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Financial Data (FY2021/FY2022)



											(Billio	ons of yen)
			FY2021 Q1 Actual	FY2021 Q2 Actual	FY2021 Q3 Actual	FY2021 Q4 Actual	FY2021 Actual	FY2022 Q1 Actual	FY2022 Q2 Actual	FY2022 Q3 Actual	FY2022 Q4 Actual	FY2022 Outlook
Exchange rate		USD	109.46	110.08	113.71	116.21	112.37	129.64	138.30	141.55		134.00
(yen)		EUR	131.91	129.77	130.08	130.45	130.55	138.11	139.28	144.23		140.00
Printing		Revenue	192.3	183.2	205.3	199.0	779.9	197.6	215.5	249.0		907.0
Solutions		Segment profit	26.6	28.3	30.8	20.5	106.4	21.0	18.6	27.3		95.0
Office & Home		Revenue	137.1	129.8	150.3	149.0	566.3	143.1	151.1	184.4		657.0
Printing		Business profit	14.7	18.7	22.9	16.5	73.0	16.4	10.1	17.3		61.0
Commercial &		Revenue	55.1	53.4	55.0	50.0	213.6	54.5	64.3	64.6		250.0
Industrial Prin	nting	Business profit	11.9	9.6	7.9	3.9	33.3	4.6	8.5	10.0		34.0
Visual Communic	ations	Revenue	40.7	39.9	43.6	34.6	159.0	45.6	63.5	60.1		215.0
		Segment profit	4.4	4.7	4.0	2.1	15.3	6.4	12.7	9.7		31.0
Manufacturing-re	elated	Revenue	49.5	45.8	47.4	49.1	191.9	56.0	57.2	52.7		212.0
& wearables Segmen		Segment profit	5.6	5.6	6.1	5.6	23.0	8.6	9.4	7.6		26.0
Corporate expenses &		Revenue	-0.4	-0.6	-0.2	-0.6	-2.0	-1.4	-1.0	-0.6		-4.0
Others, elimination	ons	Segment profit	-12.6	-13.2	-13.7	-15.5	-55.2	-13.4	-13.9	-13.4		-57.0
		Revenue	282.1	268.4	296.1	282.1	1,128.9	297.8	335.2	361.2		1,330.0
Busin		Business profit	24.2	25.4	27.2	12.6	89.6	22.6	26.8	31.2		95.0
Consolidated tota	al	ROS	8.6%	9.5%	9.2%	4.5%	7.9%	7.6%	8.0%	8.6%		7.1%
R&D Costs			11.3	11.7	11.3	11.5	46.0	10.9	11.3	11.1		47.0
	Printing Solutions		5.1	6.0	6.4	10.7	28.4	7.8	9.2	10.6		47.0
Capital	Visual Communications		0.9	0.9	0.9	1.3	4.1	1.4	1.3	1.1		8.0
Expenditures Manufacturing-related & wea		ed & wearables	1.4	2.1	3.2	4.5	11.3	1.7	3.0	3.3		16.0
Coporate expenses & Others		Others	0.6	0.9	1.4	1.3	4.3	1.7	1.7	2.5		8.0
Printing Solutions			9.4	9.2	9.4	9.5	37.7	10.1	10.4	10.6		42.0
amortization	Visual Communication	2.6	2.5	2.5	2.5	10.3	2.7	2.6	2.5		10.0	
	Manufacturing-relate	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.2	8.7	2.3	2.4	2.5		10.0	
	Coporate expenses &	Others	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.7	7.6	1.8	1.7	1.7		6.0
Operating CF			21.3	34.9	31.0	23.4	110.8	-12.3	33.3	14.9		70.0
FCF			9.8	24.4	21.3	11.0	66.7	-30.9	18.6	2.3		5.0
			7.0		21.0	11.0	00.7	50.7	10.0	2.0		5.0

The Americas 59.8 71.9 73.3 82.7 85.2 80.1 81.0 86.2 100.0 111.5 114.3 Europe 39.7 50.0 58.7 59.8 58.3 57.1 62.3 61.7 57.3 68.3 78.5 Asia/ Oceania 49.5 73.9 79.7 74.9 86.8 78.9 84.4 77.2 88.4 100.5 100.9 Total revenue to customers 149.0 195.9 211.9 217.5 230.4 216.2 227.8 225.2 245.7 280.4 293.8 Consolidated revenue 193.2 245.9 278.8 277.9 282.1 268.4 296.1 282.1 297.8 335.2 361.2 *6 of revenue to consolidated revenue Ty20/Q1 Fy20/Q2 Fy20/Q3 Fy20/Q4 Fy21/Q1 Fy21/Q2 Fy21/Q3 Fy21/Q4 Fy22/Q1 Fy22/Q2 Fy20/Q3 Europe 20.6% 20.4% 21.1% 21.5% 20.7% 21.3% 21.0% 21.9% 19.2% 20.4% 21.8% Asia/ Oceania 25.6% 30.1% 28.6% 27.0% 30.8% 29.4% 28.5% 27.4% 29.7% 30.0% 27.9% Total 77.2% 79.7% 76.0% 78.3% 81.7% 80.6% 76.9% 79.8% 82.5% 83.7% 81.3% Employees Number of employees at period end (person) Number of employees at 2020 2020 2021 2021 2021 2021 2021 202	Revenue 1	to c	ustome	rs outsid	de of Ja	pan						_		
Revenue (Billions of yen) FY20/Q1 FY20/Q2 FY20/Q3 FY20/Q4 FY21/Q1 FY21/Q2 FY21/Q3 FY21/Q4 FY22/Q1 FY22/Q2 FY22/Q3 The Americas 59.8 71.9 73.3 82.7 85.2 80.1 81.0 86.2 100.0 111.5 114.3 Europe 39.7 50.0 58.7 59.8 58.3 57.1 62.3 61.7 57.3 68.3 78.5 Asia/ Oceania 49.5 73.9 79.7 74.9 86.8 78.9 84.4 77.2 88.4 100.5 100.9 Total revenue to customers 149.0 195.9 211.9 217.5 230.4 216.2 227.8 225.2 245.7 280.4 293.8 Consolidated revenue 193.2 245.9 278.8 277.9 282.1 268.4 296.1 282.1 297.8 335.2 361.2 ***Grevenue to consolidated revenue FY20/Q1 FY20/Q2 FY20/Q3 FY20/Q4 FY21/Q1 FY21/Q2 FY21/Q3 FY21/Q4 FY22/Q1 FY22/Q2 FY22/Q3 The Americas 31.0% 29.3% 26.3% 29.8% 30.2% 29.9% 27.4% 30.6% 33.6% 33.3% 31.6% Europe 20.6% 20.4% 21.1% 21.5% 20.7% 21.3% 21.0% 21.9% 19.2% 20.4% 21.8% Asia/ Oceania 25.6% 30.1% 28.6% 27.0% 30.8% 29.4% 28.5% 27.4% 29.7% 30.0% 27.9% Total 77.2% 79.7% 76.0% 78.3% 81.7% 80.6% 76.9% 79.8% 82.5% 83.7% 81.3% Employees Number of employees at period end (person) **Water of employees at period end (person) **Dec Mar Jun Sep Dec 2020 2022 2022 2022 2022 2022 2022 20	change rate	USD	107.54	106.16	104.48	105.86	109.46	110.08	113.71	116.21	129.64	138.30	141.55	
The Americas 59.8 71.9 73.3 82.7 85.2 80.1 81.0 86.2 100.0 111.5 114.3	(yen)	EUR	118.39	124.10	124.51	127.68	131.91	129.77	130.08	130.45	138.11	139.28	144.23	
The Americas 59.8 71.9 73.3 82.7 85.2 80.1 81.0 86.2 100.0 111.5 114.3 Europe 39.7 50.0 58.7 59.8 58.3 57.1 62.3 61.7 57.3 68.3 78.5 Asia/ Oceania 49.5 73.9 79.7 74.9 86.8 78.9 84.4 77.2 88.4 100.5 100.9 Total revenue to customers 149.0 195.9 211.9 217.5 230.4 216.2 227.8 225.2 245.7 280.4 293.8 Consolidated revenue 193.2 245.9 278.8 277.9 282.1 268.4 296.1 282.1 297.8 335.2 361.2 260.4 293.8 279.9 282.1 268.4 296.1 282.1 297.8 335.2 361.2 279.8 335.2 361.2 279.8 335.2 361.2 279.8 335.2 361.2 279.8 335.2 361.2 279.8 335.2 361.2 279.8 335.2 361.2 279.8 335.2 361.2 279.8 335.2 361.2 279.8 335.2 361.2 279.8 335.2 361.2 279.8 335.2 361.2 279.8 335.2 361.2 279.8 335.2 361.2 279.8 335.2 361.2 279.8			FY20/Q1	FY20/Q2	FY20/Q3	FY20/Q4	FY21/Q1	FY21/Q2	FY21/Q3	FY21/Q4	FY22/Q1	FY22/Q2	FY22/Q3	YoY
Asia/ Oceania 49.5 73.9 79.7 74.9 86.8 78.9 84.4 77.2 88.4 100.5 100.9 Total revenue to customers 149.0 195.9 211.9 217.5 230.4 216.2 227.8 225.2 245.7 280.4 293.8 Consolidated revenue 193.2 245.9 278.8 277.9 282.1 268.4 296.1 282.1 297.8 335.2 361.2 % of revenue to consolidated revenue FY20/Q1 FY20/Q2 FY20/Q3 FY20/Q4 FY21/Q1 FY21/Q2 FY21/Q3 FY21/Q4 FY22/Q1 FY22/Q2 FY22/Q3 Consolidated revenue The Americas 31.0% 29.3% 26.3% 29.8% 30.2% 29.9% 27.4% 30.6% 33.6% 33.3% 31.6% Europe 20.6% 20.4% 21.1% 21.5% 20.7% 21.3% 21.0% 21.9% 19.2% 20.4% 21.8% Asia/ Oceania 25.6% 30.1% 28.6% 27.0% 30.8% 29.4% 28.5% 27.4% 29.7% 30.0% 27.9% Total 77.2% 79.7% 76.0% 78.3% 81.7% 80.6% 76.9% 79.8% 82.5% 83.7% 81.3% Employees Number of employees at Dec Mar Jun Sep Dec 2020 2021 2021 2021 2022 2022 2022 202		5	59.8	71.9	73.3	82.7	85.2	80.1	81.0	86.2	100.0	111.5	114.3	+33.2
Total revenue to customers 149.0 195.9 211.9 217.5 230.4 216.2 227.8 225.2 245.7 280.4 293.8 Consolidated revenue 193.2 245.9 278.8 277.9 282.1 268.4 296.1 282.1 297.8 335.2 361.2 % of revenue to consolidated revenue FY20/Q1 FY20/Q2 FY20/Q3 FY20/Q4 FY21/Q1 FY21/Q2 FY21/Q3 FY21/Q4 FY22/Q1 FY22/Q2 FY22/Q3 consolidated revenue The Americas 31.0% 29.3% 26.3% 29.8% 30.2% 29.9% 27.4% 30.6% 33.6% 33.3% 31.6% Europe 20.6% 20.4% 21.1% 21.5% 20.7% 21.3% 21.0% 21.9% 19.2% 20.4% 21.8% Asia/ Oceania 25.6% 30.1% 28.6% 27.0% 30.8% 29.4% 28.5% 27.4% 29.7% 30.0% 27.9% Total 77.2% 79.7% 76.0% 78.3% 81.7% 80.6% 76.9% 79.8% 82.5% 83.7% 81.3% Employees Number of employees at period end (person) 2020 2020 2021 2021 2021 2021 2022 202	Europe		39.7	50.0	58.7	59.8	58.3	57.1	62.3	61.7	57.3	68.3	78.5	+16.2
Consolidated revenue 193.2 245.9 278.8 277.9 282.1 268.4 296.1 282.1 297.8 335.2 361.2 % of revenue to consolidated revenue FY20/Q1 FY20/Q2 FY20/Q3 FY20/Q4 FY21/Q1 FY21/Q2 FY21/Q3 FY21/Q4 FY22/Q1 FY22/Q2 FY22/Q3 The Americas 31.0% 29.3% 26.3% 29.8% 30.2% 29.9% 27.4% 30.6% 33.6% 33.3% 31.6% Europe 20.6% 20.4% 21.1% 21.5% 20.7% 21.3% 21.0% 21.9% 19.2% 20.4% 21.8% Asia/ Oceania 25.6% 30.1% 28.6% 27.0% 30.8% 29.4% 28.5% 27.4% 29.7% 30.0% 27.9% Total 77.2% 79.7% 76.0% 78.3% 81.7% 80.6% 76.9% 79.8% 82.5% 83.7% 81.3% Employees Number of employees at Dec Mar Jun Sep Dec 2020 2021 2021 2021 2021 2022 2022 202	Asia/ Oceania	э	49.5	73.9	79.7	74.9	86.8	78.9	84.4	77.2	88.4	100.5	100.9	+16.4
**Of revenue to consolidated revenue		tomers	149.0	195.9	211.9	217.5	230.4	216.2	227.8	225.2	245.7	280.4	293.8	+65.9
The Americas 31.0% 29.3% 26.3% 29.8% 30.2% 29.9% 27.4% 30.6% 33.6% 33.3% 31.6%	onsolidated reve	enue	193.2	245.9	278.8	277.9	282.1	268.4	296.1	282.1	297.8	335.2	361.2	+65.
Asia/ Oceania 25.6% 30.1% 28.6% 27.0% 30.8% 29.4% 28.5% 27.4% 29.7% 30.0% 27.9% Total 77.2% 79.7% 76.0% 78.3% 81.7% 80.6% 76.9% 79.8% 82.5% 83.7% 81.3% Employees Lumber of employees at period end (person) 2020 2020 2021 2021 2021 2021 2021 202	nsolidated reve The Americas		31.0%	29.3%	26.3%	29.8%	30.2%	29.9%	27.4%	30.6%	33.6%	33.3%	31.6%	
Total 77.2% 79.7% 76.0% 78.3% 81.7% 80.6% 76.9% 79.8% 82.5% 83.7% 81.3% Employees Lumber of employees at period end (person) 2020 2020 2021 2021 2021 2021 2022														
tumber of employees at Jun Sep Dec Mar Jun Sep		a												
Japan 19,962 19,723 19,620 19,470 19,827 19,805 19,788 19,705 20,128 20,131 20,174	ımber of employees		Jun	Sep	Dec	Mar	Jun	Sep	Dec	Mar	Jun	Sep	Dec	YoY
	Japan		19,962	19,723	19,620	19,470	19,827	19,805	19,788	19,705	20,128	20,131	20,174	+386
				,			,	,					-	+4,39 +4.77

Evaluation by External Parties (As of January 2023) https://corporate.epson/en/sustainability/evaluation/



ESG Indices and Ratings Inclusion

FTSE4Good Index Series: 19th consecutive year

FTSE Blossom Japan Index (GPIF adopted index): 6th consecutive year

- FTSE Blossom Japan Sector Relative Index (GPIF adopted index): first time
- MSCI Japan ESG Select Leaders (GPIF adopted index): first time
- Empowering Women Index (WIN) (GPIF adopted index): 6th consecutive year
- S&P/JPX Carbon Efficient Index (GPIF adopted index): 5th consecutive year
- SOMPO Sustainability Index: 11th consecutive year
- CDP A Lists (climate change): 3rd consecutive year
- CDP Supplier Engagement Rating Leaderboard: 3rd consecutive year
- EcoVadis Platinum Rating for Overall Sustainability: 3rd consecutive year
- Development Bank of Japan (DBJ) Environmentally Rated Loan Program Rank A: first time

ESG awards / Index Adoption, etc.

- Silver Award in the Environmentally Sustainable Company category of the third ESG Finance Awards Japan: Feb. 2022
- 2022 Health & Productivity Stock Selection (No.1 in electrical equipment) *1 : Mar. 2022
- RBA*2 Platinum CSR recognition at main overseas plants (Philippines and Indonesia): 2022
- Nikkei 225: from 2017

Now included in all five domestic ESG indexes used by the GPIF





FTSE Blossom Japan Sector Relative Index

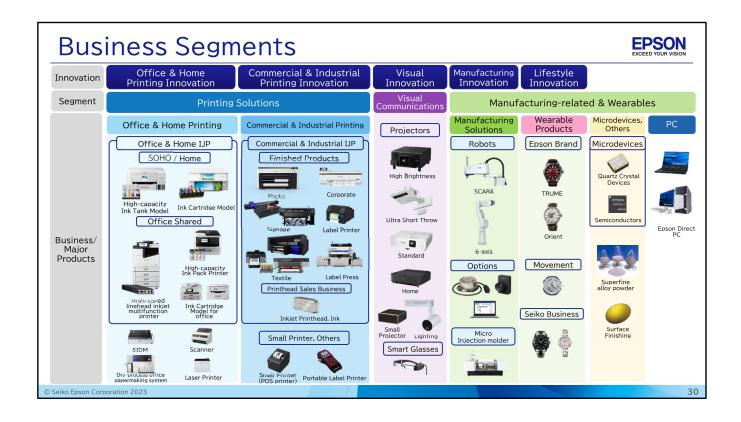
2022 CONSTITUENT MSCI JAPAN

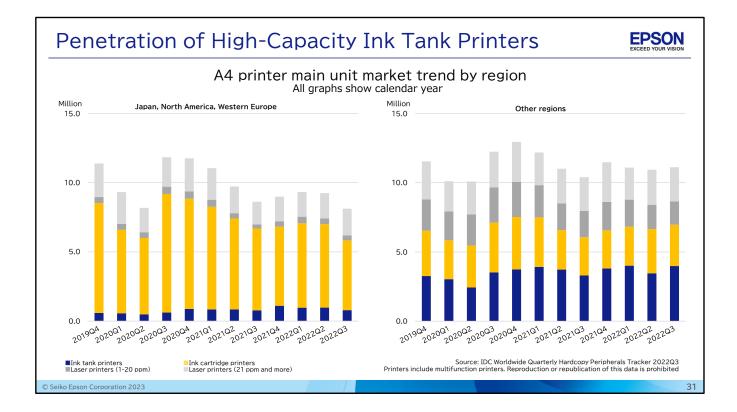
2022 CONSTITUENT MSCI JAPAN



In green: After Apr. 2022

*1 Health Management Objectives and Organization https://corporate.epson/en/sustainability/our-people/health-and-productivity.html
*2 The Responsible Business Alliance (RBA) is the world's largest industry coalition dedicated to corporate social responsibility in global supply chains.





Definition of Terms



IJP	Inkjet printers
I/C	Ink cartridges
LIJ	Line inkjet printers, high-speed line inkjet multifunction printers
LP	Laser printers, including multifunction printers
RIPS	Replaceable ink pack system, high-yield cartridge-free ink pack printers
High-capacity ink tank printers	Inkjet printers with high-capacity ink tank (includes EcoTank)
High-capacity ink models	General term for high-capacity ink tank printers, RIPS, and LIJ
SOHO	Small office, home office
Office Shared IJP	Printer category for high print volume office users. This includes LIJ, RIPS, and I/C printers
Epson Connect	Epson's mobile cloud service for Epson products and services
Color Control Technology	Color management technology that enhances color reproducibility
Commercial & Industrial (C&I) IJP	Inkjet printers, ink, services for commerce and industry
Printhead sales business	Printheads, ink, etc.
Distributed printing	Printing method that prints out same images/ documents using several printers
SIDM	Serial impact dot matrix printers
3LCD	Technology that projects images by utilizing 3LCD-chips
High-brightness laser projectors	High-lumen projectors mainly used in venues such as conference rooms and halls
FPD	Flat panel displays
OLED	Organic light emitting diode
WP	Wearable Products business
MD, Other	Microdevices, Other business

